Participatory Narrative Inquiry

People sharing stories for a reason

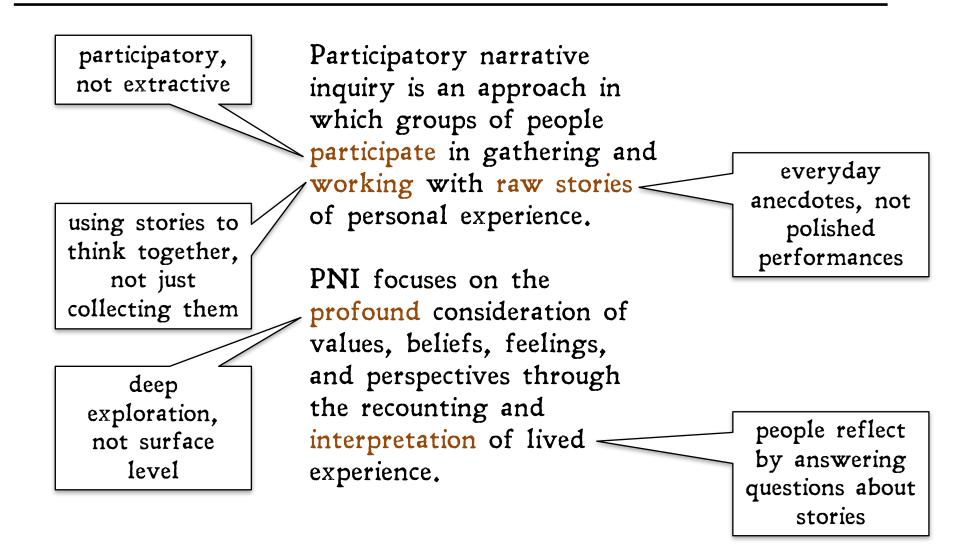
A talk for the Mohawk Valley Museum Consortium



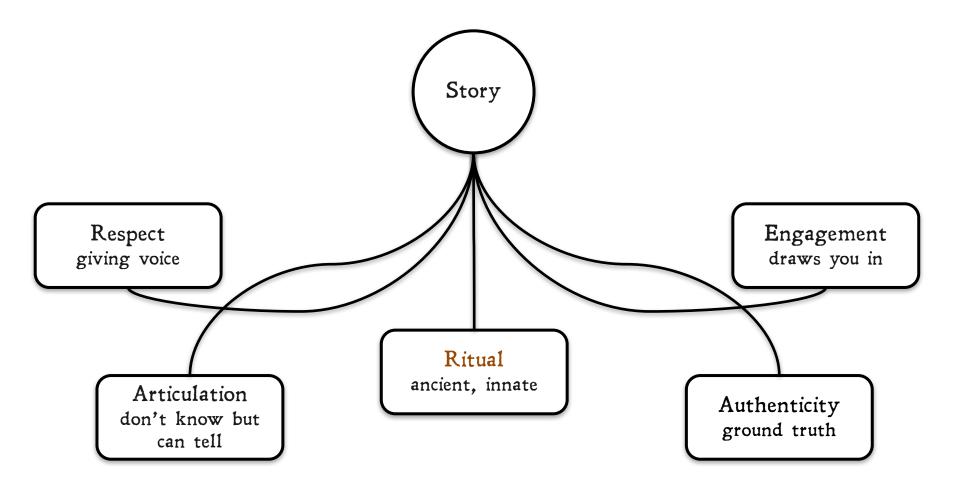
Cynthia Kurtz November 2016

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What is PNI?



Why stories?



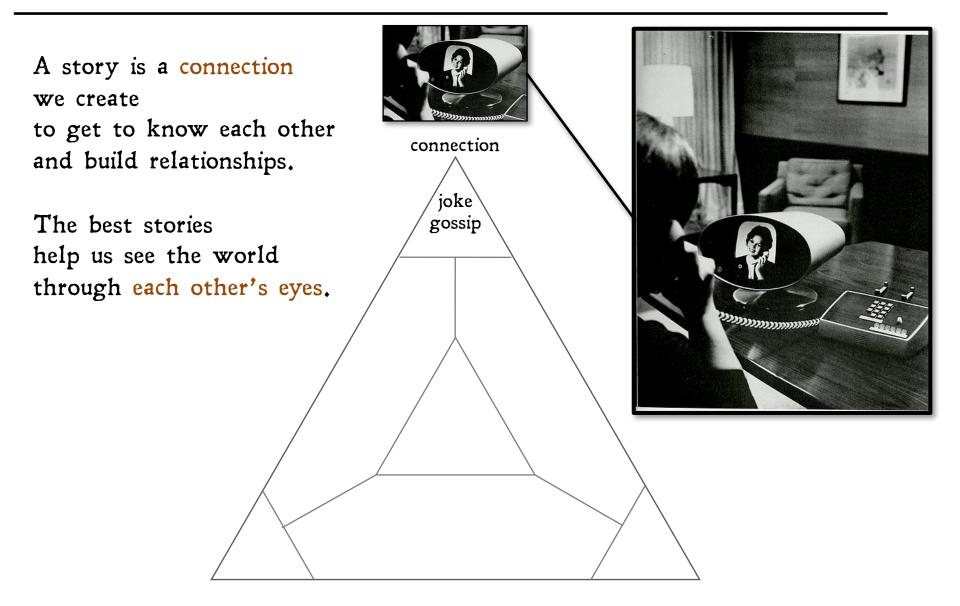
The sharing of stories is an ancient social device for the negotiation of truths.

Once upon a time, when people made more of their own things, they created more stories about their life experiences. They told these tales ... to give each other insights, to entertain each other, and to engage each other in times of celebration, trial, mourning, or reverence. But primarily they did it to connect with each other....

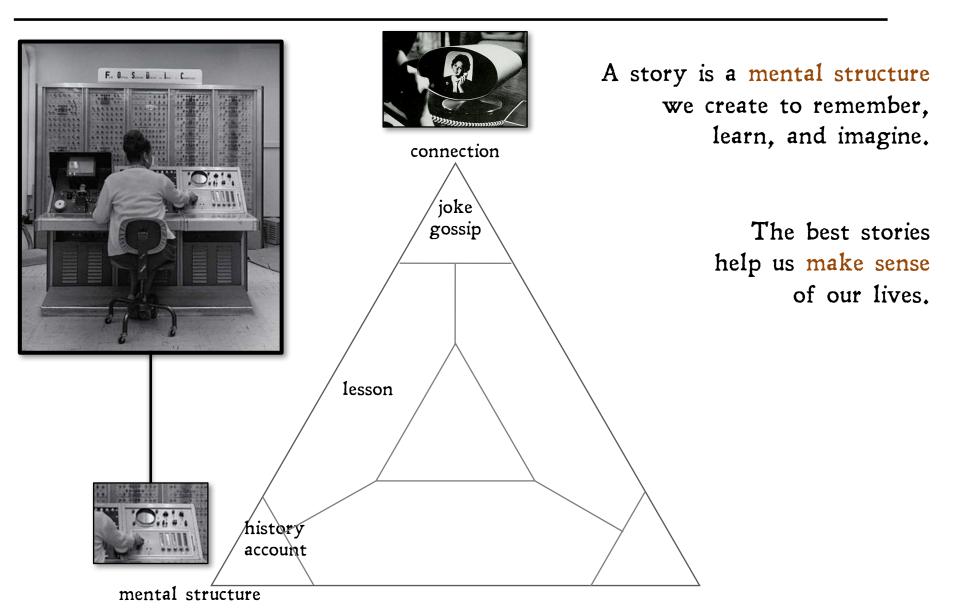
Since that time, for all the wonderful progress made in communication technology, the world has grown alarmingly less personal. People have given over much of their individual power to the collective, and have let themselves be increasingly distracted from personal storytelling by flashier but ultimately less gratifying activities that compete for their attention.

Jack Maguire, The Power of Personal Storytelling

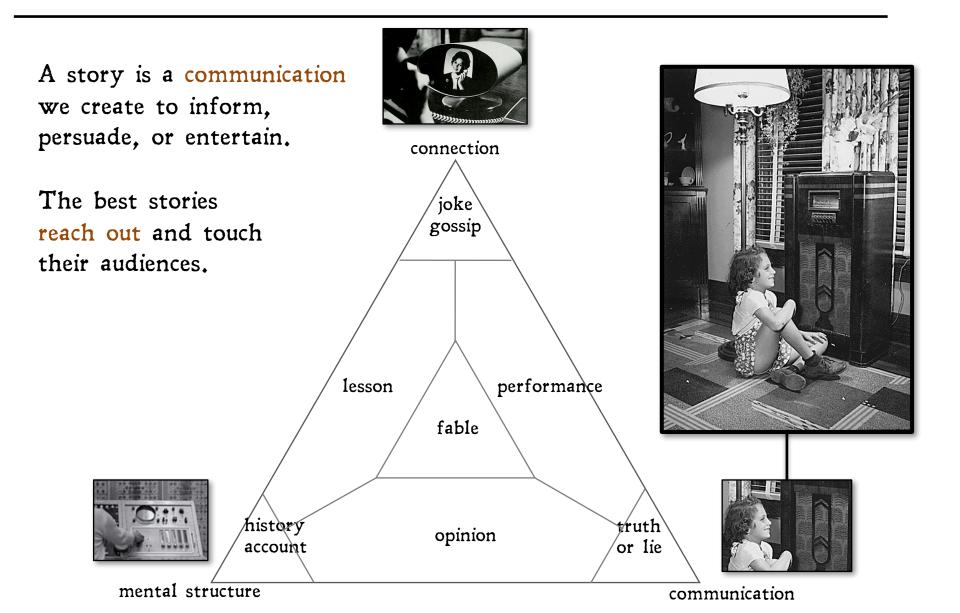
What are stories for?

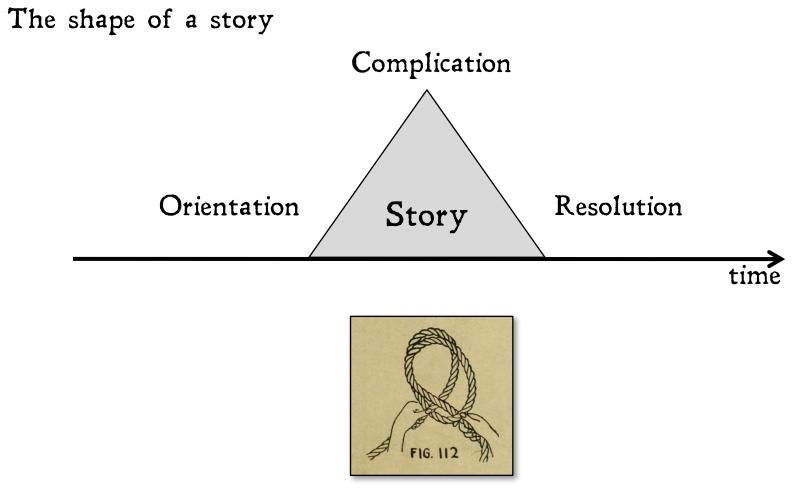


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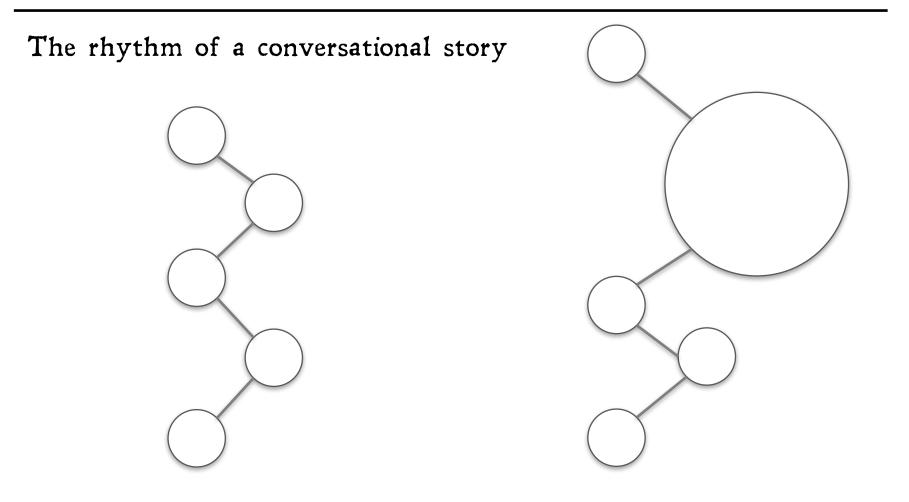


What are stories for?



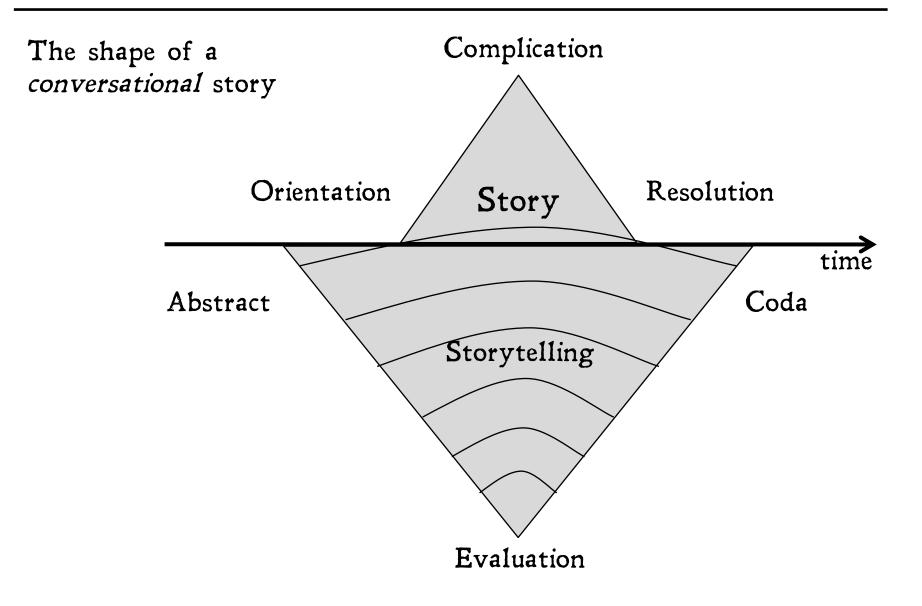


It's like a knot. We tie it, then we untie it.



Conversation = tick-tock Turn taking

Story = holding the floor Privilege + danger = ritual



Why all this complexity?

It's like wrapping paper.

We wrap stories and gifts in social ritual.

Both rituals send the signal:

I'm reaching out I'm vulnerable Be kind Don't attack At least wait a while



More storytelling rituals: response stories

People build long chains of connected stories.

Response stories say: I felt that way too We are alike We are together

Like reciprocal gift exchanges.



More storytelling rituals: co-telling



Stories told by multiple people:

- show we were part of what happened
- strengthen connections

Like "going together" on a gift.

In a healthy story sharing culture

- Everyone gets to tell stories
- Everyone gets to finish their stories
- But everyone has to negotiate
- People know which stories to tell when and where and to whom
- People use stories to account for their actions and to judge others
- People use stories to make decisions



How do stories work in communities and organizations?

When story sharing is healthy, it's easy to find:

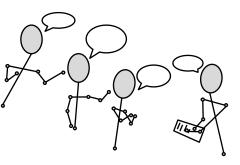
- Response stories
- Co-tellings
- Retellings
- Elaborations
- Mistake stories
- Counter-stories
- Sacred stories
- Condensed stories



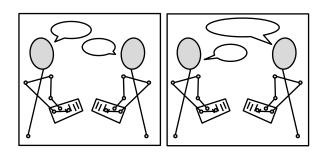
How does PNI work?

Gather stories

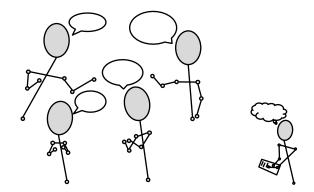




Group interview



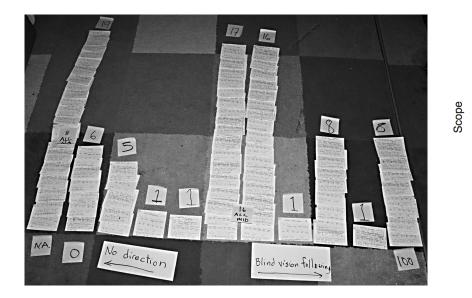
Peer interview



Group story session

How does PNI work?

Find patterns (in answers to questions about stories)

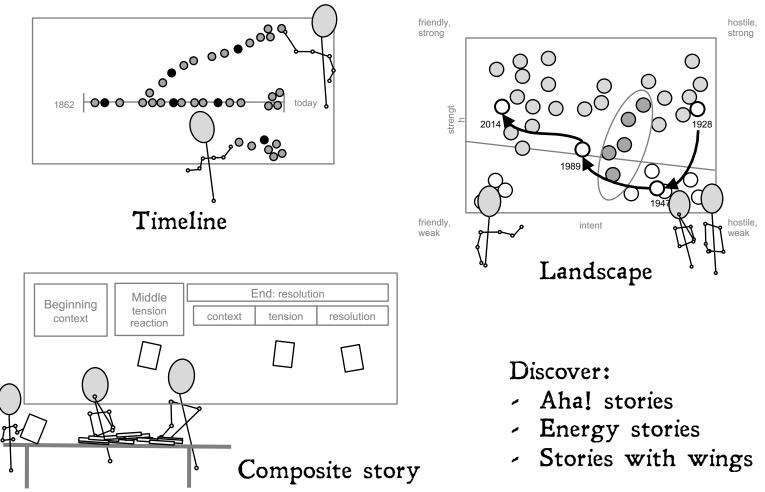


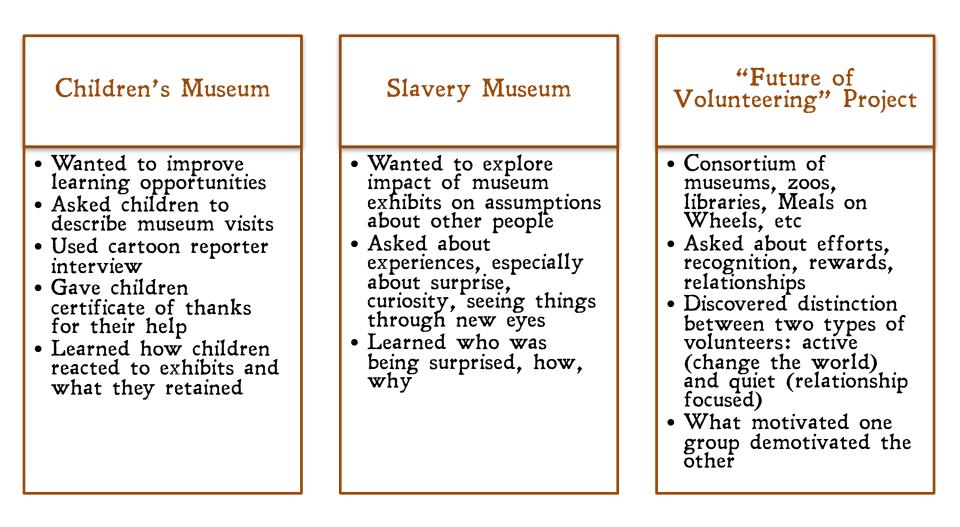
By hand

With a computer

How does PNI work?

Build stories out of stories





Questions?

Find out more at:

- workingwithstories.org textbook
- pni2.org PNI Institute
- storycoloredglasses.com blog
- cfkurtz.com web site
- narrafirma.com software
- narratopia.com game

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